

**Joint Meeting
Community Alliance of Sarasota County Planning and Outcomes Work Group
with
Human Services Advisory Council Sub-Committee**

January 20, 2005 Meeting Summary

PRESENT:

Ken Alexander, Chair
Elmer Berkel
Karen Bogues

Janice Mee
Lisa Phillips

STAFF PRESENT:

Nancy DeLoach
Jamie Mahadeo

Becky Oliver
Chip Taylor

Middle School Survey

Members reviewed the "Communities that Care (CTC) Sarasota County Middle Schools Report". This information will be presented to the Board on March 15 for adoption and then presented to the Community Alliance at the March 21 Steering Committee meeting. After a lengthy discussion, members agreed to the following:

- Present the data for protective factors in two tables. One table would show 6th and 8th and 9th and 11th together, and the other with them separated.
- Present the data for risk factors in two tables. One table would show 6th and 8th and 9th and 11th together, and the other with them separated.
- Add a column that includes the national average.
- Emphasize that protective factor scale scores should be above the national average, while the risk factor scores should be below the national average.
- Stress that the greatest need for programs is between 6th and 8th grades and ensure that the tables illustrate this.
- Highlight in red when numbers are below the national norm.
- Include documentation that supports and explains the data in the tables.

It was agreed to contact Channing Bete, the company which prepared this report, to inquire if data with 9th and 11th grades separated is available. Also, a copy of the questionnaire that was used will be requested from Sherri Reynolds.

Lisa Phillips distributed information that showed how the Sarasota Coalition on Substance Abuse (SCoSA), which is based on the CTC model, is addressing certain risk factors and how these can impact various antisocial behaviors.

Lisa distributed information that showed the five core measures for alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs prevention being used by the federal and state governments across all funding streams. It is recommended that Sarasota County align to these when reviewing community outcome targets.

Lisa distributed information that lists the risk factors and the differences in terminology between the CTC model and the Development Services Group (DSG) model. The Department of Juvenile Justice uses the DSG model.

FY 2008 Community Outcome Targets

After a lengthy discussion, members agreed to show the benchmarks for high school and middle school separately in the column "Benchmarks for Protective and Risk Factors". There were many new targets set and additions made. These changes will be reflected in the updated summary and sent to members ([see attached](#)).

Next Meeting

The next meeting of the joint committee will be held on March 4, 2005 from 9:00 a.m.-11:00 a.m. at the Sarasota County Health Department in Room 2063.

FY 2008 COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Summary

CATEGORY	OUTCOME	TARGET	PAGE
Health Care	Infant mortality	The infant mortality rate will not exceed 4.8 per 1,000 live births expressed as three year rolling averages.	1
	Low birth weight	The low birth weight percentage will not exceed 6.5%.	2
	Early entry into prenatal care	91% of all pregnant women will enter prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy. CHANGED	3
	Early entry into prenatal care for teens	80% of teen mothers will enter prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy.	4
	Births to teen mothers	The birth rate for mothers aged 10-14 will not exceed 1.0.	5
		The birth rate for mothers aged 15-17 will not exceed 14.0.	
	Repeat births to teen mothers	The repeat teen birth percentage will not exceed 12.0%.	6
	Child immunizations	97.5% of all children will be fully immunized at kindergarten entry.	7
	Reported AIDS cases	The rate of reported AIDS cases will not exceed 16.0 per 100,000 persons.	8
	Reported HIV cases	The rate of reported HIV cases will not exceed 13.6 per 100,000 persons.	9
	Health care coverage	80% of adults aged 18 to 44 will report having medical care coverage.	10
85% of adults aged 45 to 64 will report having medical care coverage.			
Substance Abuse	Youth alcohol offenses	The youth alcohol offense rate will not exceed 1.0 per 1,000 youth aged 10 - 17.	11
	Adolescents not using alcohol	90% of middle school youth will report not using alcohol within the past 30 days. NEW	12
		60% of high school youth will report not using alcohol within the past 30 days.	
	Adolescents not engaged in binge drinking	95% of middle school youth will report not engaging in binge drinking within the past two weeks. NEW	13
		85% of high school youth will report not engaging in binge drinking within the past two weeks.	
	Adolescents not drunk or high at school	97% of middle school youth will report not being drunk or high at school within the past 12 months. NEW	14
		95% of high school youth will report not being drunk or high at school within the past 12 months.	
	Adolescents not using marijuana	97% of middle school youth will report not using marijuana within the past 30 days. NEW	15
90% of high school youth will report not using marijuana within the past 30 days.			
Youth drug felonies	The youth drug felony rate will not exceed 2.0 per 1,000 youth aged 10-17. CHANGED	16	
DUI arrests	The DUI arrest rate will not exceed 325 per 100,000 adults.	17	
Positive Youth Development	High school graduation	85% of all students will graduate from high school.	18
	High school attendance	The high school attendance percentage will be at least 90.0%.	19
	High school drop outs	The high school drop out percentage will not exceed 2.8% for all students.	20
	Middle school suspensions	The in-school suspension percentage for middle school students will be maintained at not more than 0.5%.	21
		The out-of-school suspension percentage for middle school students will be reduced to 7.5%.	
	High school suspensions	The in-school suspension percentage for high school students will be reduced to 1.5%.	22
		The out-of school suspension percentage for high school students will be reduced to 3.5%.	
	Juvenile delinquency	The juvenile delinquency rate will be reduced to 75 per 1,000 youth aged 10-17.	23
	Youth registered to vote	The number of youth registered to vote by age 20 will increase by 40% (from 6,851 to 9,600). CHANGED	24
Involvement in community service	50% of high school youth will be engaged in community service.	25	

FY 2008 COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS
Summary

CATEGORY	OUTCOME	TARGET	PAGE	
Benchmarks for Protective and Risk Factors	Protective factors for high school	Community Rewards for Pro-Social Involvement	26	
		School Rewards for Pro-Social Involvement		
	Risk factors for high school	Low Neighborhood Attachment		
		Personal Transitions and Mobility		
		Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use and Firearms		
		Poor Family Supervision		
		Poor Family Discipline		
		Friends Use of Drugs		
		Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior		
	Protective factors for middle school	Community Rewards for Pro-Social Involvement		27
		School Rewards for Pro-Social Involvement		
	Risk factors for middle school	Community Disorganization		
Personal Transitions and Mobility				
Abuse/ Neglect/ Violent Behavior	Report of adult abuse, neglect or exploitation	The adult abuse, neglect and exploitation rate will not exceed 100 per 100,000 persons aged 18 and over. CHANGED	28	
	Verified child abuse reports	The child abuse and neglect rate will not exceed 700.0 per 100,000 persons aged 0 to 17.	29	
	Domestic violence	The domestic violence rate will not exceed 350 per 100,000 persons.	30	
	Attacking someone with intent to harm	No more than 10% of middle school youth will report attacking someone with the intent to harm them within the past 12 months. NEW	31	
No more than 10% of high school youth will report attacking someone with the intent to harm them within the past 12 months.				
Early Childhood Development	Quality child care	At least 100 child care facilities will achieve Gold Seal status.	32	
	School readiness	90% of children will pass the school readiness test upon entering kindergarten.	33	

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Health Care	Community Outcome:	Infant Mortality
Definition:	A death occurring prior to the first birthday. The live birth may have occurred at any gestational age and includes premature deliveries. Infant mortality figures are not finalized until more than 1 year after the year being reported to allow for each child born to reach the first birthday before data are complete.		
Measure:	The infant mortality rate expresses the number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births as a three year rolling average due to the fact that, when numbers are relatively small, year-to-year results can be volatile.		
Historical Data:	There were 2,987 live resident births in Sarasota County during 2003. The infant mortality rate has been fluctuating over the past decade. It should be noted that the rates for blacks and Hispanics is significantly higher than for other groups.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Health, Office of Planning and Analysis, Health Statistics, Florida Mortality Atlas, Florida Deaths		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/atlas.aspx		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Infant mortality is considered a "sentinel indicator" of the health status of a population. Where infant mortality is higher than expected, it can be concluded that the fundamental health status of that population, and especially the women of childbearing age among that population, is in some way compromised.		
Note:	On the website, numbers in the white category include Hispanics. These numbers have been adjusted to show discrete averages.		

Infant Deaths Expressed as Three Year Rolling Averages														
Fiscal Year	1999 - 2001				2000 - 2002				2001 - 2003					
	County		State		County		State		County		State			
Category	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate		
White	8.6	3.2	595.4	2.9	6.4	2.3	611.0	3.0	8.4	2.9	626.6	3.0		
Black	2.7	10.1	611.3	13.2	3.3	11.9	619.3	13.2	3.0	11.0	637.0	13.6		
Hispanic	2.7	8.9	227.3	5.0	3.0	8.5	236.7	4.8	3.3	8.7	253.7	4.9		
Other	0.3	5.8	19.3	3.1	0.3	5.1	21.7	3.2	-	-	25.0	3.5		
Total	14.3	5.3	1,453.3	7.2	16.0	5.7	1,448.7	7.3	14.7	5.1	1,542.3	7.4		

2005 Outcome Target:	The infant mortality rate will not exceed 5.8 per 1,000 live births expressed as three year rolling averages.
2007 Outcome Target:	The infant mortality rate will not exceed 4.8 per 1,000 live births expressed as three year rolling averages.
2008 Outcome Target:	The infant mortality rate will not exceed 4.8 per 1,000 live births expressed as three year rolling averages.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Fluctuating
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Health Care	Community Outcome:	Low Birth Weight
Definition:	Low birth weight is a birth weight of less than 2500 grams, or 5.5 pounds.		
Measure:	The low birth weight percentage represents the number of low birth weight births divided by the total number of live births.		
Historical Data:	There were 2,987 live resident births in Sarasota County during 2003. Sarasota County statistics have fluctuated over the past four years and have remained below the state average in three out of the last four years.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Health, Office of Planning and Analysis, Health Statistics, Maternal and Child Health		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/Domain2.aspx?Domain='03'		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Low birth weight births are predictive of a wide range of poor developmental outcomes for children, including chronic health conditions, learning delays, social delays and death prior to the first birthday. Most low birth weight births and the correlated premature delivery are preventable through better education of women of childbearing age about health and lifestyle decisions prior to conception and during pregnancy including early prenatal care.		
Note:	On the website, numbers in the white category include Hispanics. These numbers have been adjusted to show discrete averages.		

Low Birth Weight Births

Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003				
Location	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State		
# Live Births	2,719		204,030		2,787		205,800		2,844		205,580		2,987		212,243		
Category	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	
By Race	White	135	5.0	6,906	3.4	145	5.2	7,123	3.5	127	4.5	7,329	3.6	166	5.6	7,395	3.5
	Black	57	2.1	5,840	2.9	30	1.1	5,889	2.9	37	1.3	5,889	2.9	39	1.3	6,203	2.9
	Hispanic	24	0.9	2,991	1.5	21	0.8	3,226	1.6	18	0.6	3,504	1.7	33	1.1	3,795	1.8
	Other	8	0.3	547	0.3	5	0.2	574	0.3	11	0.4	628	0.3	7	0.2	654	0.3
Total	224	8.2	16,284	8.0	201	7.2	16,812	8.2	193	6.8	17,350	8.4	245	8.2	18,047	8.5	

2005 Outcome Target:	The low birth weight percentage will not exceed 7.3%.
2007 Outcome Target:	The low birth weight percentage will not exceed 6.5%.
2008 Outcome Target:	The low birth weight percentage will not exceed 6.5%.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Fluctuating
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Health Care	Community Outcome:	Early Entry Into Prenatal Care
Definition:	Early entry into prenatal care is prenatal care that begins no later than the 14th week of gestation (the first trimester of pregnancy).		
Measure:	The early prenatal care percentage represents the number of women who begin prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy divided by the total number of live births.		
Historical Data:	There were 2,987 live resident births in Sarasota County during 2003. Early prenatal care percentages in the county have trended slightly upward during the past four years. Sarasota County remains above the statewide average.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Health, Office of Planning and Analysis, Health Statistics, Maternal and Child Health		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/Domain2.aspx?Domain='03'		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Early entry into prenatal care leads to improved birth outcomes. Most women who begin prenatal care early will obtain regular, ongoing care for the duration of their pregnancy.		
Note:	On the website, numbers in the white category include Hispanics. These numbers have been adjusted to show discrete averages.		

Mothers Who Entered the Prenatal Care System Early																	
Fiscal Year		2000				2001				2002				2003			
		County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
# Live Births		2,719		204,030		2,787		205,800		2,844		205,580		2,987		212,243	
Category		#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
By Race	White	1,835	67	92,518	45	1,895	68	90,509	44	1,897	67	89,660	44	2,025	68	91,632	43
	Black	224	8	34,218	17	218	8	34,603	17	206	7	34,902	17	209	7	36,091	17
	Hispanic	258	9	36,920	18	298	11	40,306	20	322	11	42,897	21	356	12	45,928	22
	Other	57	2	5,403	3	52	2	5,662	3	66	2	6,016	3	76	3	6,456	3
Total		2,374	87	169,059	83	2,463	88	171,080	83	2,491	88	173,475	84	2,666	89	180,107	85

2005 Outcome Target:	90.4% of all pregnant women will enter prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy.
2007 Outcome Target:	90.4% of all pregnant women will enter prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy.
2008 Outcome Target:	91% of all pregnant women will enter prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Up
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Health Care	Community Outcome:	Early Entry Into Prenatal Care for Teens
Definition:	Early entry into prenatal care for teens is prenatal care that begins no later than the first trimester of pregnancy for women under the age of 20.		
Measure:	The early entry into prenatal care for teens percentage represents the number of pregnant women under the age of 20 who begin prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy divided by the total number of live births to all women under the age of 20.		
Historical Data:	There are an average of 386 births to teens each year in Sarasota County. Access to prenatal care among teenagers is lower than for the group of all pregnant women, since teens may not have access to the information, financial resources, and/or social support needed to ensure their early entry into prenatal care. Sarasota County routinely exceeds the statewide percentage as indicated in the table below.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Health, Office of Planning, Evaluation & Data Analysis, Sarasota County Health Department		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/Domain2.aspx?Domain='03'		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Early entry into prenatal care brings the teen mother into contact with a range of services, including Healthy Start, home visits, Cyesis school for teen parents, Healthy Families, counseling, childbirth education and parenting education, all of which can help the teen mother to reduce or eliminate risk factors to healthy birth outcomes and the optimal growth and development of her child.		

Percentage of Teen Mothers Who Entered the Prenatal Care System Early

Fiscal Year	2000		2001		2002		2003	
	County	State	County	State	County	State	County	State
Births Under Age 20	312	25,684	275	24,726	272	23,580	286	23,130
Total	72.1	67.4	76.2	68.1	68.5	69.8	77.7	71.2

2005 Outcome Target:	76% of teen mothers will enter prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy.
2007 Outcome Target:	80% of teen mothers will enter prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy.
2008 Outcome Target:	80% of teen mothers will enter prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Fluctuating
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Health Care	Community Outcome:	Births to Teen Mothers
Definition:	A teen birth is a birth to a mother aged 17 years or younger.		
Measure:	The teen birth rate expresses the number of births per 1,000 female residents in the given age category.		
Historical Data:	There have been an average of 91 births to females younger than age 18 in Sarasota County over the past four years. As shown in the table below, the trend in births to teen mothers aged 15 to 17 is downward, as is true for the nation as a whole. Of particular concern, however, are births to mothers aged 10 - 14 which have fluctuated over the last four years. An anomaly in the number of births to mothers aged 15 to 17 was noted for 2002.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Health, Office of Planning, Evaluation & Data Analysis		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/Domain2.aspx?Domain='03'		
Rationale for Inclusion:	While births to teen mothers are not closely correlated with infant mortality rates, the teen birth rate is closely correlated with the incidence of child abuse, neglect, poverty, and school drop-out rates, especially for single teens and teens of racial or ethnic minorities.		

Births to Teen Mothers Per 1,000 Female Residents																
Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Population 10 to 14	7,798		517,694		7,807		522,636		7,815		529,157		8,027		541,845	
Population 15 to 17	4,492		300,659		4,619		308,078		4,730		315,039		4,865		323,227	
Category	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Births to mothers aged 10 to 14	8	1.0	531	1.0	7	0.8	507	1.0	8	1.0	420	0.8	2	0.3	362	0.7
Births to mothers aged 15 to 17	92	20.5	8,645	28.8	92	19.9	8,013	26.0	67	14.2	7,428	23.6	88	18.1	7,227	22.4

2005 Outcome Targets:	The birth rate for mothers aged 10-14 will not exceed 1.0. The birth rate for mothers aged 15-17 will not exceed 19.0.
2007 Outcome Targets:	The birth rate for mothers aged 10-14 will not exceed 1.0. The birth rate for mothers aged 15-17 will not exceed 14.0.
2008 Outcome Targets:	The birth rate for mothers aged 10-14 will not exceed 1.0. The birth rate for mothers aged 15-17 will not exceed 14.0.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Down
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Health Care	Community Outcome:	Repeat Births to Teen Mothers
Definition:	A birth to a mother aged 15-19 who has already given birth at least once.		
Measure:	The repeat teen birth percentage represents the number of births to mothers aged 15-19 who have already given birth at least at once, divided by the total number of mothers aged 15-19 who have a prior live birth.		
Historical Data:	There are an average of 280 births to teens aged 15-19 each year in Sarasota County. As shown in the table below, nearly 17% of these births are to teens with a prior live birth. There is no comparable data available for age groups 10-14 or 15-17.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Health, Office of Planning, Evaluation & Data Analysis		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/Domain2.aspx?Domain='03'		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Even though the first infant born to a teen mother may be born healthy, local fetal and infant mortality review data show that subsequent births to a mother still in her teens are more likely to result in a poor outcome or even a fetal or infant death. Teen mothers with several children are more likely to be single, in poverty, and uneducated.		

Repeat Births to Teen Mothers																
Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
Births to Age 15 - 19	304		25,153		268		24,219		264		23,160		284		22,768	
Location	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Category	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Repeat births to mothers aged 15 to 19	64	21.1	5,482	21.8	56	20.9	4,920	20.3	54	20.5	4,663	20.1	48	16.9	4,530	19.9

2005 Outcome Targets:	The repeat teen birth percentage will not exceed 12.0%.
2007 Outcome Targets:	The repeat teen birth percentage will not exceed 12.0%.
2008 Outcome Targets:	The repeat teen birth percentage will not exceed 12.0%.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Decreasing
County Compared w/State:	Better (for FY03)

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Health Care	Community Outcome:	Child Immunizations
Definition:	Children who have received all required childhood immunizations prior to entry into kindergarten at a public school.		
Measure:	The child immunization percentage represents the number of children who have received all required childhood immunizations prior to entry into kindergarten at a public school, divided by the number of all children entering kindergarten at a public school.		
Historical Data:	The percentage of childhood immunizations during the past four years in Sarasota County is shown in the table below. Sarasota County's percentage has remained level. Statewide, the percentage has remained stable.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Health, Office of Planning, Evaluation & Data Analysis		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/Domain2.aspx?Domain='03'		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Immunization rates reflect the proportion of parents/guardians providing well child medical care for their children. Immunization rates can predict the risk to populations of contracting certain vaccine-preventable diseases.		

Childhood Immunizations								
Fiscal Year	2000		2001		2002		2003	
Location	County %	State %	County %	State %	County %	State %	County %	State %
Total	95.7	94.7	94.8	93.6	95.0	92.5	96.4	94.4

2005 Outcome Target:	97.5% of all children will be fully immunized at kindergarten entry.
2007 Outcome Target:	97.5% of all children will be fully immunized at kindergarten entry.
2008 Outcome Target:	97.5% of all children will be fully immunized at kindergarten entry.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Fluctuating
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Health Care	Community Outcome:	Reported AIDS Cases
Definition:	The total number of reported AIDS cases.		
Measure:	The reported AIDS case rate expresses the total number of reported AIDS cases per 100,000 population.		
Historical Data:	Sarasota County's rate has declined from a high in 2000. With the exception of 2001 (which may be an anomaly), the rate in Sarasota County has been fluctuating around an average of 18.5 for the three out of the last four years. The statewide rate has shown a steady decline.		
Data Source:	Department of Health, Office of Planning, Evaluation and Data Analysis		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/Domain2.aspx?Domain='01' (# AIDS cases) http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/CensusData.aspx (population)		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The AIDS rate is an indication of late diagnosis of HIV infection and overall adverse outcome of HIV morbidity. Early intervention and treatment is required to reverse this outcome.		

Reported AIDS Cases Per 100,000 Population

Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Population	328,135		16,074,763		335,428		16,412,225		341,784		16,772,046		350,664		17,164,199	
Category	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Total	68	20.7	5,010	31.2	15	4.5	5,119	31.2	59	17.3	5,222	31.1	61	17.4	4,851	28.3

2005 Outcome Target:	The rate of reported AIDS cases will not exceed 20.9 per 100,000 persons.
2007 Outcome Target:	The rate of reported AIDS cases will not exceed 16.0 per 100,000 persons.
2008 Outcome Target:	The rate of reported AIDS cases will not exceed 16.0 per 100,000 persons.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Down
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Health Care	Community Outcome:	Reported HIV Cases
Definition:	The total number of reported HIV cases.		
Measure:	The reported HIV case rate expresses the total number of reported HIV cases per 100,000 population.		
Historical Data:	Sarasota County's rate has been significantly lower than the statewide rate and has increased steadily over the last four years.		
Data Source:	Sarasota County Health Department (local data) The Florida Division of Disease Control Surveillance Report (state data)		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/CensusData.aspx (population)		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The HIV rate is an indication of early diagnosis of HIV/AIDS. Early diagnosis and treatment can affect an individual's quality of life and the community's infection rate and overall morbidity rate.		

Reported HIV Cases Per 100,000 Population

Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Population	328,135		16,074,763		335,428		16,412,225		341,784		16,772,046		350,664		17,164,199	
Category	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Total	45	13.7	6,276	39.0	47	14.0	6,464	39.4	49	14.3	7,070	42.2	59	17.3	6,654	38.8

2005 Outcome Target:	The rate of reported HIV cases will not exceed 13.6 per 100,000 persons.
2007 Outcome Target:	The rate of reported HIV cases will not exceed 13.6 per 100,000 persons.
2008 Outcome Target:	The rate of reported HIV cases will not exceed 13.6 per 100,000 persons.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Up
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Health Care	Community Outcome:	Health Care Coverage
Definition:	Adults with health care coverage.		
Measure:	The health care coverage percentage represents the percentage of adults surveyed who report having any kind of health coverage, including health insurance, prepaid plans such as HMO's, or government plans such as Medicare.		
Historical Data:	The 18-44 year age group reported the highest percentage with medical coverage at 77.9%, followed by the 45 to 64 year age group at 83.3%. This is the first year the survey was conducted and therefore prior year data is not available. As of January, 2005, no updated information has been posted on the website.		
Data Source:	The 2002 Florida Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) conducted by the Florida Department of Health.		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/brfss.aspx		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The need for adults to have health care coverage is an important factor in ensuring health care access and overall good health of the community.		

Percentage of Adults with Health Care Coverage							
Fiscal Year	2002		2003				
	County	State	County	State			
Age 18 to 44	77.9	73.0					
Age 45 to 64	83.3	81.9					
Age 65+	98.5	97.0					
Average	87.4	81.3	Pending	Pending			

2005 Outcome Targets:	None
2007 Outcome Targets:	80% of adults aged 18 to 44 will report having medical care coverage. 85% of adults aged 45 to 64 will report having medical care coverage.
2008 Outcome Targets:	80% of adults aged 18 to 44 will report having medical care coverage. 85% of adults aged 45 to 64 will report having medical care coverage.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Four year data not available.
County Compared w/State:	Better

NOTE: Staff is awaiting confirmation from the state that this is a bi-annual study that won't be updated until 2004.

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Substance Abuse	Community Outcome:	Youth Alcohol Offenses
Definition:	Youth alcohol offenses are youths aged 10 - 17 referred for delinquency due to alcohol offenses.		
Measure:	The youth alcohol offense rate expresses the number of youth aged 10 - 17 referred for delinquency for alcohol offenses per 1,000 youth aged 10-17.		
Historical Data:	During the past three out of four years, Sarasota County youth have had a higher rate of alcohol offenses than the state average. The county's youth alcohol offense rate has fluctuated downward over the past four years, while the state rate has remained fairly steady.		
Data Source:	Profile of Delinquency Referrals, Bureau of Data Research, Florida Department of Juvenile Justice		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.djj.state.fl.us/Research/statsnresearch/0003prof/profile_02-03.html		
Rationale for Inclusion:	According to data from the Youth Risk Behavior Survey, early initiation to alcohol is approaching 50% by middle school and almost doubles by high school.		

Youth Alcohol Offenses Per 1,000 Youth

Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Youth aged 10 - 17	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
	24,026		1,600,592		25,410		1,682,665		25,646		1,707,226		25,866		1,734,189	
Total	54	2.2	2,951	1.8	59	2.3	2,603	1.5	32	1.2	2,921	1.7	48	1.9	2,293	1.3

2005 Outcome Target:	The youth alcohol offense rate will not exceed 2.0 per 1,000 youth aged 10 - 17
2007 Outcome Target:	The youth alcohol offense rate will not exceed 1.0 per 1,000 youth aged 10 - 17
2008 Outcome Target:	The youth alcohol offense rate will not exceed 1.0 per 1,000 youth aged 10 - 17
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Down
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Substance Abuse	Community Outcome:	Adolescents Not Using Alcohol
Definition:	Youth who report not using alcohol within the past 30 days.		
Measure:	The percentage represents the number of youth who report not using alcohol within the past 30 days divided by the total number of youth surveyed.		
Historical Data:	The Communities That Care High School Youth Survey was conducted in January, 2002. Since 2002 was the first year this survey was conducted in Sarasota County, prior year data is not available. The high school survey was conducted again in December, 2004, but the data will not be available for several months. The same survey was conducted with middle school youth in 2003. Again, prior year data is not available. The survey will be repeated for middle school youth in 2005.		
Data Source:	Communities That Care Youth Survey Report, 2002 (high school); 2003 (middle school)		
Web Site for Data:	n/a		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The need to target prevention of adolescent alcohol use is a serious concern to the community.		

Percentage of Sarasota Youth Not Using Alcohol Within the Past 30 Days				
Fiscal Year	2002	2003		
6th Grade	n/a	93.1		
8th Grade	n/a	73.4		
9th Grade	59.0	n/a		
11th Grade	46.7	n/a		
Average	53.6	83.0		

2005 Outcome Target:	None
2007 Outcome Target:	60% of high school youth will report not using alcohol within the past 30 days.
2008 Outcome Target:	90% of middle school youth will report not using alcohol within the past 30 days. 60% of high school youth will report not using alcohol within the past 30 days.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Four year data not available.
County Compared w/State:	State data is not available.

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Substance Abuse	Community Outcome:	Adolescents Not Engaged in Binge Drinking
Definition:	Youth who report not engaging in binge drinking within the past two weeks. Binge drinking is defined as a report of five or more drinks in a row within the past two weeks.		
Measure:	The percentage represents the number of students who report not engaging in binge drinking within the past two weeks divided by the total number of students surveyed.		
Historical Data:	The Communities That Care High School Youth Survey was conducted in January, 2002. Since 2002 was the first year this survey was conducted in Sarasota County, prior year data is not available. The high school survey was conducted again in December, 2004, but the data will not be available for several months. The same survey was conducted with middle school youth in 2003. Again, prior year data is not available. The survey will be repeated for middle school youth in 2005.		
Data Source:	Communities That Care Youth Survey Report, 2002 (high school); 2003 (middle school)		
Web Site for Data:	n/a		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The need to target prevention of adolescent alcohol abuse is a serious concern to the community.		

Percentage of Sarasota Youth Not Engaged in Binge Drinking				
Fiscal Year	2002	2003		
6th Grade	n/a	96.9		
8th Grade	n/a	85.3		
9th Grade	75.9	n/a		
11th Grade	69.0	n/a		
Average	72.8	91.0		

2005 Outcome Target:	None
2007 Outcome Target:	85% of high school youth will report not engaging in binge drinking within the past two weeks.
2008 Outcome Target:	95% of middle school youth will report not engaging in binge drinking within the past two weeks. 85% of high school youth will report not engaging in binge drinking within the past two weeks.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Four year data not available.
County Compared w/State:	State data is not available.

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Substance Abuse	Community Outcome:	Adolescents Not Drunk or High at School
Definition:	Youth who report not being drunk or high at school with the past 12 months.		
Measure:	The percentage represents the number of students who report not being drunk or high at school within the past 12 months divided by the total number of students surveyed.		
Historical Data:	The Communities That Care High School Youth Survey was conducted in January, 2002. Since 2002 was the first year this survey was conducted in Sarasota County, prior year data is not available. The high school survey was conducted again in December, 2004, but the data will not be available for several months. The same survey was conducted with middle school youth in 2003. Again, prior year data is not available. The survey will be repeated for middle school youth in 2005.		
Data Source:	Communities That Care Youth Survey Report, 2002 (high school); 2003 (middle school)		
Web Site for Data:	n/a		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The need to target prevention of adolescent alcohol abuse is a serious concern to the community.		

Percentage of Sarasota Youth Not Drunk or High at School				
Fiscal Year	2002	2003		
6th Grade	n/a	97.5		
8th Grade	n/a	90.2		
9th Grade	82.3	n/a		
11th Grade	81.4	n/a		
Average	81.9	93.8		

2005 Outcome Target:	None
2007 Outcome Target:	95% of high school youth will report not being drunk or high at school within the past 12 months.
2008 Outcome Target:	97% of middle school youth will report not being drunk or high at school within the past 12 months. 95% of high school youth will report not being drunk or high at school within the past 12 months.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Four year data not available.
County Compared w/State:	State data is not available.

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Substance Abuse	Community Outcome:	Adolescents Not Using Marijuana
Definition:	Youth who report not using marijuana within the past 30 days.		
Measure:	The percentage represents the number of youth who report not using marijuana within the past 30 days divided by the total number of students surveyed.		
Historical Data:	The Communities That Care High School Youth Survey was conducted in January, 2002. Since 2002 was the first year this survey was conducted in Sarasota County, prior year data is not available. The high school survey was conducted again in December, 2004, but the data will not be available for several months. The same survey was conducted with middle school youth in 2003. Again, prior year data is not available. The survey will be repeated for middle school youth in 2005.		
Data Source:	Communities That Care Youth Survey Report, 2002 (high school); 2003 (middle school)		
Web Site for Data:	n/a		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The need to target prevention of adolescent substance abuse is a serious concern to the community.		

Percentage of Sarasota Youth Not Using Marijuana in Last 30 Days				
Fiscal Year	2002	2003		
6th Grade	n/a	99.1		
8th Grade	n/a	90.9		
9th Grade	82.5	n/a		
11th Grade	76.9	n/a		
Average	80.1	95		

2005 Outcome Target:	None
2007 Outcome Target:	90% of high school youth will report not using marijuana within the past 30 days.
2008 Outcome Target:	97% of middle school youth will report not using marijuana within the past 30 days. 90% of high school youth will report not using marijuana within the past 30 days.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Four year data not available.
County Compared w/State:	State data is not available.

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Substance Abuse	Community Outcome:	Youth Drug Felonies
Definition:	Youth drug felonies are youths aged 10-17 referred for delinquency due to drug felonies.		
Measure:	The youth drug felony rate expresses the number of youth aged 10-17 referred for delinquency for drug felonies per 1,000 youth aged 10-17		
Historical Data:	Sarasota County's youth drug felony rate has been slowly decreasing over the past four years, paralleling the decrease in the state rate, as indicated in the table below.		
Data Source:	Profile of Delinquency Referrals, Bureau of Data Research, Florida Department of Juvenile Justice		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.djj.state.fl.us/Research/statsnresearch/0003prof/profile_02-03.html		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Data from the Youth Risk Behavior Survey, administered in the public schools, show the County also exceeds the state average for early initiation to drugs.		

Youth Drug Felonies per 1,000																
Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
Youth aged 10 - 17	24,026		1,600,592		25,410		1,682,665		25,646		1,707,226		25,866		1,734,189	
Location	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Category	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Total	77	3.2	5,933	3.7	88	3.5	5,496	3.3	74	2.9	5,118	3.0	57	2.2	4,913	2.8

2005 Outcome Target:	The youth drug felony rate will not exceed 3.0 per 1,000 youth aged 10-17.
2007 Outcome Target:	The youth drug felony rate will not exceed 2.5 per 1,000 youth aged 10-17.
2008 Outcome Target:	The youth drug felony rate will not exceed 2.0 per 1,000 youth aged 10-17.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Down
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Substance Abuse	Community Outcome:	DUI Arrests
Definition:	An arrest of any Sarasota County resident 18 and older for driving while intoxicated made by any law enforcement officer, whether with the Highway Patrol, the Sheriff's Department, or other law enforcement agencies.		
Measure:	The number of DUI arrests per 100,000 adult population		
Historical Data:	The rate of DUI arrests since 2000 has continued to decrease in Sarasota County as well as statewide. Although Sarasota County's rate exceeded the statewide rate in 2000, the County's rate has decreased at a more significant pace and is now below the statewide rate. Caution should be exercised when interpreting this data as arrest rates often reflect the emphasis which is placed on enforcing the law by individual law enforcement agencies.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Law Enforcement, Crime Analysis and Statistics, Citizen's Resource Center		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.fdle.state.fl.us/FSAC/Crime_Trends/Map/58.htm http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/population.aspx		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The need to target adult substance abuse and DUI arrest rates are serious concerns to the community.		

DUI Arrests Among Residents 18 and Older Per 100,000 Population

Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Category	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Pop 18+	274,916		12,404,750		281,562		12,680,421		288,195		13,022,220		295,365		13,309,499	
Total	1,460	535	60,337	485	1,181	420	60,338	474	1,051	367	60,574	464	1,038	351	56,976	428

2005 Outcome Target:	None
2007 Outcome Target:	The DUI arrest rate will not exceed 325 per 100,000 adults.
2008 Outcome Target:	The DUI arrest rate will not exceed 325 per 100,000 adults.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Down
County Compared w/State:	Lower the last three years

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Positive Youth Development	Community Outcome:	High School Graduation
Definition:	Youth who graduate from high school.		
Measure:	The high school graduation percentage represents the number of students beginning in 9th grade who complete high school within four years and earn a standard diploma, special diploma, or GED (but not a certificate of completion) divided by the total number of students enrolled in 9th grade.		
Historical Data:	Sarasota County has shown a gradual increase in graduation rates since the 2000 school year, comparable with the statewide average trend as shown in the chart below.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Education		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.firm.edu/doe/eias/eiaspubs/2003grad.htm		
Rationale for Inclusion:	High school graduation is highly correlated with an individual's success at finding and maintaining employment. The Sarasota County School Board established a target of 85% for 2005 in its strategic plan, <u>Commitment to Excellence</u> , and that target remains in the current strategic plan for FY 2008.		

Percentage of High School Graduates								
Fiscal Year	2000		2001		2002		2003	
	County	State	County	State	County	State	County	State
Total	63.4	62.3	70.3	63.8	71.8	67.9	76.4	69.0

2005 Outcome Target:	85% of all students will graduate from high school.
2007 Outcome Target:	85 % of all students will graduate from high school.
2008 Outcome Target:	85 % of all students will graduate from high school.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Up
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Positive Youth Development	Community Outcome:	High School Attendance
Definition:	High school students who are not absent 21 days or more during the school year. Beginning with the 2000 school year, attendance is calculated based upon students present during second period.		
Measure:	The high school attendance percentage represents the number of students from the total high school enrollment who were not absent 21 days or more during the school year divided by the total number of high school students.		
Historical Data:	Although data for elementary and middle school students reflects a very high attendance percentage, the attendance percentage for high school students is significantly lower. As indicated in the table below, the attendance rate for the County in Fiscal Year 2000 is lower than previous years due to a new methodology used by the district. The County's performance has steadily increased over the last two years and is currently higher than the statewide average.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Education, Florida School Indicators Report		
Web Site for Data:	http://info.doe.state.fl.us/fsir/		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Students who have excessive absences from school have lower academic performance and are more likely to drop out of school.		

Percent of High School Attendance								
Fiscal Year	2000		2001		2002		2003	
Location	County	State	County	State	County	State	County	State
Total	70.0	83.5	84.3	84.3	87.2	84.9	86.9	85.5

2005 Outcome Target:	The high school attendance percentage will be at least 90.0%.
2007 Outcome Target:	The high school attendance percentage will be at least 90.0%.
2008 Outcome Target:	The high school attendance percentage will be at least 90.0%.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Up
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Positive Youth Development	Community Outcome:	High School Drop Outs
Definition:	High school students who withdraw from school and give "drop out" as their reason.		
Measure:	The high school drop out percentage represents the number of students in grades 9 -12 for whom dropout was the reason for withdrawal divided by the year's total enrollment for grades 9 - 12.		
Historical Data:	Sarasota County's high school drop out percentage has been lower than the statewide average three out of the past four years, as indicated in the table below. The percentage of black students who drop out of school is considerably higher than both the percentage of white and Hispanic students.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Education		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.firn.edu/doe/eias/eiaspubs/drop.htm		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Students who drop out of high school without graduating will have more difficulty in obtaining and maintaining employment. In Sarasota County, the drop out rate for black and Hispanic students is consistently between two and three times higher than for white students as indicated in the table. Therefore, emphasis must be placed on reducing the drop out rate for black and Hispanic students in order to make a substantial impact on the overall high school drop out rate.		

Percentage of High School Drop Outs									
Fiscal Year		2000		2001		2002		2003	
Location		County	State	County	State	County	State	County	State
By Race	White	2.9	n/a	2.8	n/a	2.6	n/a	2.9	2.5
	Black	7.8		5.1		7.2		7.4	4.1
	Hispanic	7.1		4.1		4.0		4.9	3.6
	Other	n/a		n/a		n/a		3.8	2.3
Total		3.6	4.6	3.1	3.8	3.1	3.2	3.5	3.1

2005 Outcome Target:	The high school drop out percentage for all students will not exceed 2.8% for all students.
2007 Outcome Target:	The high school drop out percentage for all students will not exceed 2.8% for all students.
2008 Outcome Target:	The high school drop out percentage for all students will not exceed 2.8% for all students.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Fluctuating
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Positive Youth Development	Community Outcome:	Middle School Suspensions
Definition:	Suspensions include middle school students who serve in-school (ISS) and out-of-school (OSS) suspensions during the regular school year.		
Measure:	The suspension percentage represents the unduplicated number of middle school students who served suspensions (in-school or out-of-school) during the regular school year, divided by the total student enrollment.		
Historical Data:	The in-school suspension percentage for middle school students in Sarasota County has steadily improved over the last four years, while the out-of-school suspension percentage has fluctuated. As shown in the table below, the county consistently performed better than the state average during the last four years for both types of suspensions.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Education, Florida School Indicators Report		
Web Site for Data:	http://info.doe.state.fl.us/fsir/		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Students who are suspended from school have lower academic performance and are less likely to graduate from high school. In addition, their disruptive behavior while in school adversely affects other students.		

Percentage of Middle School In-School and Out-of-School Suspensions

Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Category	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS
Middle School	1.8	9.6	16.8	14.3	0.5	9.6	16.2	14.3	0.3	10.5	16.1	14.2	0.7	9.7	16.9	14.4

2005 Outcome Targets:	The in-school suspension percentage for middle school students will be reduced to 1.5%. The out-of-school suspension percentage for middle school students will be reduced to 7.5%.
2007 Outcome Targets:	The in-school suspension percentage for middle school students will be maintained at not more than 0.5%. The out-of-school suspension percentage for middle school students will be reduced to 7.5%.
2008 Outcome Targets:	The in-school suspension percentage for middle school students will be maintained at not more than 0.5%. The out-of-school suspension percentage for middle school students will be reduced to 7.5%.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Down for in-school suspensions; fluctuating for out-of-school suspensions
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Positive Youth Development	Community Outcome:	High School Suspensions
Definition:	Suspensions include high school students who serve in-school (ISS) and out-of-school (OSS) suspensions during the regular school year.		
Measure:	The suspension percentage represents the unduplicated number of high school students who served suspensions (in-school or out-of-school) during the regular school year, divided by the total student enrollment.		
Historical Data:	Both in-school and out-of-school suspension percentages for high school students in Sarasota County have fluctuated over the last four years as have the state averages. As shown in the table below, the county consistently performed better than the state average during the last four years.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Education, Florida School Indicators Report		
Web Site for Data:	http://info.doe.state.fl.us/fsir/		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Students who are suspended from school have lower academic performance and are less likely to graduate from high school. In addition, their disruptive behavior while in school adversely affects other students.		

Percentage of High School In-School and Out-of-School Suspensions																
Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Location	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS	ISS	OSS
High School	1.7	3.8	15.6	12.2	2.9	4.5	16.3	12.5	2.0	3.8	15.7	12.4	2.7	5.5	15.8	12.8

2005 Outcome Targets:	The in-school suspension percentage for high school students will be reduced to 1.5%. The out-of-school suspension percentage for high school students will be reduced to 3.5%.
2007 Outcome Targets:	The in-school suspension percentage for high school students will be reduced to 1.5%. The out-of-school suspension percentage for high school students will be reduced to 3.5%.
2008 Outcome Targets:	The in-school suspension percentage for high school students will be reduced to 1.5%. The out-of-school suspension percentage for high school students will be reduced to 3.5%.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Fluctuating
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Positive Youth Development	Community Outcome:	Juvenile Delinquency
Definition:	Youth determined to have committed a delinquent act.		
Measure:	The juvenile delinquency rate expresses the number of delinquency referrals per 1,000 youth aged 10 - 17.		
Historical Data:	Sarasota County's juvenile delinquency rate has leveled off over the last four years as shown in the table below. The county has remained below the statewide average three out of the past four years.		
Data Source:	Profile of Delinquency Referrals, Bureau of Data Research, Florida Department of Juvenile Justice		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.djj.state.fl.us/Research/statsnresearch/0003prof/profile_02-03.html		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The juvenile delinquency rate is considered a sentinel indicator of those adolescents and youth whose behavior problems are so serious that they lead to involvement in the juvenile justice system. Although the rate has been dropping for the state as a whole, that has not been the case for Sarasota County. Thus, it will be important to maintain a focus on this rate in the face of reductions in statewide juvenile justice programs that impact prevention and intervention as well as positive youth development.		

Juvenile Delinquency Referrals per 1,000 Youth																
Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
Youth aged 10 - 17	24,026		1,600,592		25,410		1,682,665		25,646		1,707,226		25,866		1,734,189	
Location	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Category	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Total	2,144	89	153,205	96	2,174	86	152,836	91	2,223	87	150,100	88	2,317	90	150,742	87

2005 Outcome Target:	The juvenile delinquency rate will be reduced to 80 per 1,000 youth aged 10-17.
2007 Outcome Target:	The juvenile delinquency rate will be reduced to 75 per 1,000 youth aged 10-17.
2008 Outcome Target:	The juvenile delinquency rate will be reduced to 75 per 1,000 youth aged 10-17.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Flat
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Positive Youth Development	Community Outcome:	Youth Registered to Vote
Definition:	Youth who are registered to vote by age 20.		
Measure:	The number of youth who are registered to vote by age 20.		
Historical Data:	Nationwide studies indicate that youth ages 18-30 are the least likely to vote of any group in history. In Presidential election years between 1972 and 2000, the national youth voter turnout rate declined by 13% among 18-24 year old voters. In 2000, only 42% of 18-24 year old citizens voted; while 70% of citizens 25 and older voted.		
Data Source:	Supervisor of Elections Office (861-8600)		
Web Site for Data:	n/a		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Engagement in citizenship activities is an indicator of youth who have achieved a level of competency as a positive member of the community. It is also an indicator of connectedness to the community.		

Youth Registered to Vote by Age 20							
Fiscal Year	2002		2003		2004		
Location	County	State	County	State	County	State	
Total	4,931	n/a	4,914	n/a	6,851	n/a	

2005 Outcome Target:	None
2007 Outcome Target:	The number of youth who are registered to vote by age 20 will increase by 40% (from 4,914 to 6,800).
2008 Outcome Target:	The number of youth who are registered to vote by age 20 will increase by 40% (from 6,851 to 9,600).
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Four year data not available.
County Compared w/State:	State data is not available.

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Positive Youth Development	Community Outcome:	Involvement in Community Service
Definition:	High School youth who participate in community service activities.		
Measure:	The percentage represents the number of youth who are registered with the Bright Futures or Teen Mobilization programs through Volunteer Connections divided by the total number of all students.		
Historical Data:	Involvement in community service by youth has continued to grow over the past 5 years. Volunteer Connections has been providing service to engage youth in service through the Bright Futures or Teen Mobilization programs at most of the Sarasota County public high schools since 2001. There is a need to expand the data collection to include youth who are involved in community service but not registered through Volunteer Connections. Note: Statewide comparison data is not available for this community outcome target.		
Data Source:	Volunteer Connections; FDOE, Florida School Indicator Report; Karen Bogues, Community Youth Development Program		
Web Site for Data:	http://info.doe.state.fl.us/fsir/		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Participation in community service has been shown to improve students' preparedness for the world of work. It also improves connection to community, an important factor in resiliency to anti-social behavior. The Sarasota County School District has adopted the use of "service-learning", the concept of utilizing community service work as a means of teaching life skills, as a priority within the district, including in the new Smaller Learning Communities model being adopted at all public high schools.		

High School Students Engaged in Service						
Fiscal Year	2003		2004			
Location	County		County			
# High School Students	10,695		12,164			
Category	#	%	#	%		
Total	2,169	20.5	2,218	18.2		

2005 Outcome Target:	None
2007 Outcome Target:	50% of high school youth will be engaged in community service.
2008 Outcome Target:	50% of high school youth will be engaged in community service.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Four year data not available.
County Compared w/State:	State data is not available.

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Positive Youth Development	Community Benchmark:	Protective and Risk Factors for High School		
Historical Data:	The Communities That Care (CTC) Youth Survey was administered in January, 2003 to 1,748 Sarasota County students in the 9th and 11th grades in all high schools in Sarasota County. A major focus of the CTC Youth Survey was identifying risk and protective factors affecting youth in Sarasota County. Although it would be possible to develop community outcome targets, it is premature to do so with data available for only one point in time. An additional CTC Youth Survey with 9th and 11th graders was conducted in December, 2004, but the data will not be available for several months. The results of the initial survey will be utilized as baseline data (benchmarks) until additional data is collected.				
Data Source:	Communities That Care Survey, 2003				
Scale Score:	Protective Factor Scale Scores				
Definition:	Protective factors, which can be considered assets, are conditions that buffer youth from exposure to risk by either reducing the impact of the risks or changing the way that young people respond to risks. Protective factors are characteristics that are known to decrease the likelihood that a student will engage in problem behaviors. A score of 50 matches the national average and, because protective factor scale scores are associated with better behavioral outcomes, it is better to have higher protective factor scale scores. The table below shows that Sarasota high school youth had scores on two protective factor scales which were more than one standard deviation below the national average.				
Fiscal Year	2003				
Location	Sarasota	Nation			
Community Rewards for Pro-Social Involvement	37	50			
School Rewards for Pro-Social Involvement	36	50			
Scale Score:	Risk Factor Scale Scores				
Definition:	Risk factors are conditions that increase the likelihood of a youth becoming involved in drug use, delinquency, missing school, and/or violence. Risk factors are characteristics in the community, family, school, and an individual's environment that are known to increase the likelihood that a youth will engage in problem behaviors. A score of 50 matches the national average and, because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores. The table below shows that Sarasota high school youth had scores on seven risk factor scales which were more than one standard deviation above the national average.				
Fiscal Year	2003				
Location	Sarasota	Nation			
Low Neighborhood Attachment	58	50			
Personal Transitions and Mobility	68	50			
Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use and Firearms	59	50			
Poor Family Supervision	57	50			
Poor Family Discipline	59	50			
Friends Use of Drugs	58	50			
Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	56	50			

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Positive Youth Development	Community Benchmark: Protective and Risk Factors for Middle School			
Historical Data:	<p>The Communities That Care (CTC) Youth Survey was administered in December, 2003 to 1,859 Sarasota County students in the 6th and 8th grades in all middle schools in Sarasota County. A major focus of the CTC Youth Survey was identifying risk and protective factors affecting youth in Sarasota County. Although it would be possible to develop community outcome targets, it is premature to do so with data available for only one point in time. An additional CTC Youth Survey with 6th and 8th graders will be conducted in December, 2005. The results of the initial survey will be utilized as baseline data (benchmarks) until additional data is collected.</p>				
Data Source:	Communities That Care Survey, 2004				
Scale Score:	Protective Factor Scale Scores				
Definition:	<p>Protective factors, which can be considered assets, are conditions that buffer youth from exposure to risk by either reducing the impact of the risks or changing the way that young people respond to risks. Protective factors are characteristics that are known to decrease the likelihood that a student will engage in problem behaviors. A score of 50 matches the national average and, because protective factor scale scores are associated with better behavioral outcomes, it is better to have higher protective factor scale scores. The table below shows that Sarasota middle school youth had scores on two protective factor scales which were more than one standard deviation below the national average.</p>				
Fiscal Year	2003				
Grade	6th		8th		
	Sarasota	Nation	Sarasota	Nation	
Community Rewards for Pro-Social Involvement	51	50	39	50	
School Rewards for Pro-Social Involvement	56	50	41	50	
Scale Score:	Risk Factor Scale Scores				
Definition:	<p>Risk factors are conditions that increase the likelihood of a youth becoming involved in drug use, delinquency, missing school, and/or violence. Risk factors are characteristics in the community, family, school, and an individual's environment that are known to increase the likelihood that a youth will engage in problem behaviors. A score of 50 matches the national average and, because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores. The table below shows that Sarasota middle school youth had scores on two risk factor scales which were more than on standard deviation above the national average.</p>				
Fiscal Year	2003				
Grade	6th		8th		
	Sarasota	Nation	Sarasota	Nation	
Community Disorganization	48	50	56	50	
Personal Transitions and Mobility	71	50	63	50	

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Abuse, Neglect and Violent Behavior	Community Outcome:	Reports of Adult Abuse, Neglect or Exploitation
Definition:	Reports of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of the elderly and disabled that have verified or some indicator maltreatment findings by the Department of Children and Families.		
Measure:	The number of verified and some indicator maltreatment reports reflects the number of adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation reports received by the Abuse Registry Hotline and investigated by the Department of Children and Families which were subsequently determined to have some or verified indicators. The verified report rate expresses the number of verified reports per 100,000 adults over the age 18. Beginning in September 2000, adult reports were no longer classified as confirmed or not confirmed. Instead reports are now categorized as verified, some indicators, or no indicators found.		
Historical Data:	There were a total of 913 adult reports (not including supplemental reports) received for Sarasota County during 2002. Out of the 749 reports closed, 955 victims were seen. Of these, 31% of the victims were found to have at least some indication of abuse, neglect or exploitation, 4% had more serious findings and 65% had no indication of abuse, neglect or exploitation.		
Data Source:	Department of Children and Families, Gary Vitucci, 813-558-5583, s/c514-5583		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.floridacharts.com/charts/CensusData.aspx (population)		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The number and percentage of verified reports peaked in 1999 and slightly decreased the subsequent year. Due to the change in how reports are categorized, the target below is based on the current methodology. Once historical data is collected, the target for 2007 will be modified if necessary.		

Verified or Some Indicator Maltreatment Abuse, Neglect or Exploitation Reports per 100,000																
Fiscal Year	2001				2002				2003				2004			
Location	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Pop 18+	281,562		12,680,421		288,195		13,022,220		295,365		13,309,499		301,728		13,616,360	
Category	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Total	410	145.6	14,258	112.4	294	102.0	15,154	116.4	410	138.8	16,760	125.9	360	119.3	15,634	114.8

2005 Outcome Target:	The adult abuse, neglect and exploitation rate will not exceed 40 per 100,000 persons aged 18 and over.
2007 Outcome Target:	The adult abuse, neglect and exploitation rate will not exceed 40 per 100,000 persons aged 18 and over.
2008 Outcome Target:	The adult abuse, neglect and exploitation rate will not exceed 100 per 100,000 persons aged 18 and over.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Fluctuating
County Compared w/State:	Higher

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Abuse, Neglect and Violent Behavior	Community Outcome:	Verified Child Abuse Reports
Definition:	Reports of child abuse, neglect, or exploitation that have verified findings by the Department of Children and Families.		
Measure:	The number of verified reports reflects the number of child abuse, neglect, or exploitation reports received by the Abuse Registry Hotline and investigated by the Department of Children and Families which are subsequently determined to be verified. The verified report rate expresses the total number of verified reports per 100,000 children under the age of 18.		
Historical Data:	There were a total of 2,164 child abuse reports received for Sarasota County during 2002. Of those reports, 52% had no indication of abuse or neglect, 29% had some indication and 18% were verified with serious findings. The number of reports received and verified in the county (and statewide) has slowly increased since 1998; however, both rates slightly decreased in FY 2002		
Data Source:	Department of Children and Families, Susan Stanton, 813-558-5610 (s/c 514-5610), Margaret Fender, 813-558-5515		
Web Site for Data:	n/a		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The number and percentage of verified child abuse reports in Sarasota County has steadily increased over the last four years. Children are entitled to live in a safe and healthy environment.		

Number and Rate of Verified Child Abuse Reports Per 100,000 Children Under 18

Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Category	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Total	303	610.1	18,089	530.0	388	733.2	27,296	749.0	394	726.0	27,840	740.8	Pending		Pending	

2005 Outcome Target:	The child abuse and neglect rate will not exceed 700 per 100,000 persons aged 0 to 17.
2007 Outcome Target:	The child abuse and neglect rate will not exceed 700 per 100,000 persons aged 0 to 17.
2008 Outcome Target:	The child abuse and neglect rate will not exceed 700 per 100,000 persons aged 0 to 17.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Fluctuating
County Compared w/State:	Better

NOTE: Staff is awaiting confirmation from the state whether or not this report is still being done.

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Abuse, Neglect and Violent Behavior	Community Outcome:	Domestic Violence
Definition:	Reported domestic violence offenses include murder, manslaughter, forcible rape, forcible sodomy, forcible fondling, aggravated assault, simple assault, threat/intimidation and arson.		
Measure:	The domestic violence rate expresses the total number of reported domestic violence offenses per 100,000 population.		
Historical Data:	Sarasota County has shown a general decline over the past six years in the incidence of domestic violence, with the exception of an increase for the county in 2000 and 2001. As shown in the chart below, Sarasota County consistently has a lower domestic violence rate than the state.		
Data Source:	Florida Department of Law Enforcement		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.fdle.state.fl.us/FSAC/Crime_Trends/domestic_violence/index.asp		
Rationale for Inclusion:	In 2002, there were 1,641 domestic violence offenses with 900 arrests in Sarasota County. Domestic violence-related murders continue to increase in Sarasota County. It is estimated that only half of the incidents of violence are actually reported to law enforcement. SCOPE has selected domestic violence as one of its study areas for the current year.		

Number and Rate (per 100,000) of Reported Domestic Violence Offenses

Fiscal Year	2000				2001				2002				2003			
	County		State		County		State		County		State		County		State	
Category	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Total	1,470	458.0	124,629	779.8	1,670	507.6	124,016	759.4	1,641	490.4	121,834	730.7	1,619	471.1	120,697	707.0

2005 Outcome Target:	The domestic violence rate will not exceed 350 per 100,000 persons.
2007 Outcome Target:	The domestic violence rate will not exceed 350 per 100,000 persons.
2008 Outcome Target:	The domestic violence rate will not exceed 350 per 100,000 persons.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Fluctuating
County Compared w/State:	Better

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Abuse, Neglect and Violent Behavior	Community Outcome:	Attacking Someone with Intent to Harm
Definition:	Youth who report attacking someone with the intent to harm in the past 12 months.		
Measure:	The percentage represents the number of youth who report attacking someone with the intent to harm within the past 12 months divided by the total number of youth surveyed.		
Historical Data:	The Communities That Care High School Youth Survey was conducted in January, 2002. Since 2002 was the first year this survey was conducted in Sarasota County, prior year data is not available. The high school survey was conducted again in December, 2004, but the data will not be available for several months. The same survey was conducted with middle school youth in 2003. Again, prior year data is not available. The survey will be repeated for middle school youth in 2005.		
Data Source:	Communities That Care Youth Survey Report, 2002 (high school); 2003 (middle school)		
Web Site for Data:	n/a		
Rationale for Inclusion:	The need to target prevention of violence among the adolescent population is a serious concern to the community.		

Percentage of Sarasota Youth Attacking Someone with Intent to Harm				
Fiscal Year	2002	2003		
6th Grade	n/a	87.8		
8th Grade	n/a	81.5		
9th Grade	18.1	n/a		
11th Grade	14.2	n/a		
Average	16.4	84.7		

2005 Outcome Target:	None
2007 Outcome Target:	No more than 10% of high school youth will report attacking someone with the intent to harm them within the past 12 months.
2008 Outcome Target:	No more than 10% of middle school youth will report attacking someone with the intent to harm them within the past 12 months.
	No more than 10% of high school youth will report attacking someone with the intent to harm them within the past 12 months.
Desired Direction:	Down
County Four-Year Trend:	Four year data not available.
County Compared w/State:	State data is not available.

COMMUNITY OUTCOME TARGETS

Category:	Early Childhood Development	Community Outcome:	Quality Child Care
Definition:	Child care centers that are recognized as achieving "Gold Seal" status through accreditation by NAEYC, NAFCC, APPLE, NSACA, OR ACSI.		
Measure:	The number of Gold Seal child care centers represents the total number of child care centers and family child care centers that are accredited by either NAEYC, NAFCC, APPLE, NSACA, OR ACSI.		
Historical Data:	The Gold Seal Project was designed in 1996 based on a need to improve the quality of child care services. Since the beginning of the project, the county has steadily increased the total number of accredited child care centers.		
Data Source:	YMCA Children, Youth and Family Services of Sarasota 952-9524 (local data); DCF (state data)		
Web Site for Data:	http://www.dcf.state.fl.us/childcare/docs/2003-04annualreport.pdf (state data)		
Rationale for Inclusion:	Quality child care has been identified by numerous community coalitions and foundations (including Success by Six, the School Readiness Coalition, YMCA Children's Services, the Venice Foundation, the Community Foundation, Bank of America, the Paddock Foundation and the Selby Foundation) as a high priority for Sarasota County and, of course, has been a priority of the Grants-In-Aid Program since 1993. As a result of the efforts of these groups and funders, the number of Gold Seal child care facilities is expected to continue to increase over the next three years.		

Number of Gold Seal Child Care Facilities								
Fiscal Year	2001		2002		2003		2004	
Location	County	State	County	State	County	State	County	State
Total	26	n/a	34	1,497	46	1,813	47	2,073

2005 Outcome Target:	At least 100 child care facilities will achieve Gold Seal status.
2007 Outcome Target:	At least 100 child care facilities will achieve Gold Seal status.
2008 Outcome Target:	At least 100 child care facilities will achieve Gold Seal status.
Desired Direction:	Up
County Four-Year Trend:	Up
County Compared w/State:	State data is not available.